## What is claimed is:

- 1 1. An apparatus, comprising:
- a first block to process a P-type frame in a
- 3 video bitstream using a first error resilience technique;
- 4 and
- a second block to process a B-type frame in the
- 6 video bitstream using a second error resilience technique,
- 7 wherein the first error resilience technique is different
- 8 from the second error resilience technique.
- 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first block further processes an I-type frame.
- 1 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the second block comprises a resynchronization marking block.
- 1 4. The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the second 2 block comprises a variable length coder block.
- 1 5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first block
- 2 applies resynchronization markers to the video bitstream at
- 3 a first interval and the second block applies
- 4 resynchronization markers to the video bitstream at a
- 5 second interval, wherein the second interval is longer than
- 6 the first interval.

- 1 6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the second
- 2 block inserts fewer error resilience bits in the video
- 3 bitstream than the first block.
- 1 7. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a
- 2 third block to process the P-type frame using a first error
- 3 concealment technique.
- 1 8. The apparatus of claim 7, further comprising a
- 2 fourth block to process the B-type frame using a second
- 3 error concealment technique, wherein the first error
- 4 concealment technique is different from the second error
- 5 concealment technique.
- 1 9. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first block
- 2 comprises:
- a data partitioning block having an input
- 4 terminal and an output terminal;
- a reversible variable length coder block having
- 6 an input terminal and an output terminal, wherein the
- 7 output terminal of the data partitioning block is coupled
- 8 to the input terminal of the reversible variable length
- 9 code block;
- a header extension code block having an input
- 11 terminal and an output terminal, wherein the output
- 12 terminal of the reversible variable length code block is
- 13 coupled to the input terminal of the header extension code
- 14 block; and
- 15 a resynchronization marker block having an input
- 16 terminal and an output terminal, wherein the output

- 17 terminal of the header extension code block is coupled to
- 18 the input terminal of the resynchronization marker block.
  - 1 10. An article comprising one or more machine-
  - 2 readable storage media containing instructions that when
  - 3 executed enables a processor to:
  - 4 receive a video stream having at least a first
  - 5 type of frame and a second type of frame; and
  - 6 process the first type of frame using a first
  - 7 error resilience technique and the second type of frame
  - 8 using a second error resilience technique, wherein the
- 9 first error resilience technique comprises applying
- 10 resynchronization markers to the video stream at a selected
- 11 interval and the second error resilience technique
- 12 comprises applying resynchronization markers at an interval
- 13 different from the selected interval.
  - 1 11. The article of claim 10, wherein the instructions
  - when executed enable the processor to process a P-type
  - 3 frame using the first error resilience technique.
  - 1 12. The article of claim 11, wherein the instructions
  - 2 when executed enable the processor to process a B-type
  - 3 frame using the second error resilience technique.
  - 1 13. The article of claim 12, wherein the instructions
  - 2 when executed enable the processor to process the B-type
  - 3 frame using a simpler error resilience technique than the
  - 4 P-type frame.

- The article of claim 13, wherein the instructions 1 processor to executed the enable 2 when resynchronization markers in the video stream at a first 3 pre-selected interval for the B-type frame and at a second 4 pre-selected interval for the P-type frame, wherein the 5 first pre-selected interval is longer than the second pre-6 selected interval. 7
- 15. The article of claim 10, wherein the instructions when executed enable the processor to process the first type of frame using a first error concealment technique and the second type of frame using a second error concealment technique, wherein the first error concealment technique is different from the second error concealment technique.
  - 16. The article of claim 10, wherein the instructions when executed enable the processor to insert fewer error resilience bits into the video stream for the B-type frame than for the P-type frame.
- 1 17. The article of claim 10, wherein the instructions 2 when executed enable the processor to perform variable 3 length coding on the B-type frame.
- 1 18. The article of claim 10, wherein the instructions 2 when executed enable the processor to apply 3 resynchronization markers to the video for the B-type 4 frame.

- 1 19. An apparatus, comprising:
- a first block to process a P-type frame in an
- 3 encoded bitstream using a first error concealment
- 4 technique; and
- a second block to process a B-type frame in the
- 6 encoded video bitstream using a second error concealment
- 7 technique, wherein the first error concealment technique is
- 8 different from the second concealment technique.
- 1 20. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the second
- block comprises a variable length decoder block.
- 1 21. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the second
- 2 error concealment technique comprises performing a block
- 3 copy.

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- 22. A method comprising:
- 2 receiving a video stream;
- performing error resilience on a P-type frame
- 4 within the video stream using a first technique; and
- 5 performing error resilience on a B-type frame
- 6 within the video stream using a second technique, wherein
- 7 the first technique is different from the second technique.
- 1 23. The method of claim 22, further comprising
- 2 performing error resilience on an I-type frame.
- 1 24. The method of claim 22, wherein the first
- 2 technique comprises applying resynchronization markers to
- 3 the video bitstream at a first interval and the second

- 4 technique comprises applying resynchronization markers at a
- 5 second interval, wherein the second interval is longer than
- 6 the first interval.
- 1 25. The method of claim 22, wherein the second
- 2 technique inserts fewer error resilience bits in the video
- 3 bitstream than the first error resilience technique.
- 1 26. The method of claim 22, further including
- 2 performing error concealment on the P-type frame using a
- 3 first technique and performing error concealment on the B-
- 4 type frame using a second technique, wherein the first
- 5 technique is different from the second technique.
- 1 27. An apparatus, comprising:
- a first block to perform error concealment on an
- 3 encoded video signal and provide an output signal;
- $_4$  a second block to determine at least one channel
- 5 characteristic; and
- a third block to perform error resilience on the
- 7 output signal based on the at least one channel
- 8 characteristic and provide a modified video signal.
- 1 28. The apparatus of claim 27, further comprising at
- 2 least of a block to transmit the modified signal and to
- 3 store the modified signal to a storage device.
- 1 29. The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the third
- 2 block performs error resilience on a P-type frame using a
- 3 first technique and on a B-type frame using a second

- 4 technique, wherein the first technique is different from
- 5 the second technique.
- 1 30. The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the first
- 2 block performs error concealment on a P-type frame using a
- 3 first technique and on a B-type frame using a second
- 4 technique, wherein the first technique is different from
- 5 the second technique.